### COUNTY OF CHAUTAUQUA INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY AND COMPONENT UNITS

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

# COUNTY OF CHAUTAUQUA INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY AND COMPONENT UNITS

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors

County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency

Jamestown, New York

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and its component units, Chautauqua Region Economic Development Corporation and the Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency and its component unit's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents. The Agency and its component units are considered a component unit of the County of Chautauqua, New York.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and its component units, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and its component units and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Emphasis-of-Matter – New accounting pronouncement

As discussed in Note 1, to the financial statements the Agency has adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which resulted in a prior period adjustment. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and its component unit's ability to continue as a going concern for within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements (continued)

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and its component unit's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial
  doubt about County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency and its component unit's ability to continue as a
  going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 7 and related notes be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplemental statements on pages 26 through 30 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, on page 31, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, except for that portion marked "unaudited," was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. That information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated March 28, 2023, on our consideration of County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafano PC

**BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.** 

Jamestown, New York March 28, 2023

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Page 3

#### I. Discussion and Analysis

The following is a discussion and analysis of the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and its component units' financial performance for the year ended December 31, 2022. This section is a summary of the Agency's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is based on the financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in the following paragraphs. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the Agency's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### II. Financial Highlights

The following items are the financial highlights experienced by the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* during the year ended December 31, 2022:

- Overall net position of the Agency increased \$2,338,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022.
- The Agency's total revenue and other sources were approximately \$6,136,000 during 2022 as compared with \$8,678,000 during 2021. This decrease was primarily related to more grant income related to the EDA CARES revolving loan fund recognized in the prior year.
- The Agency's total expenses and other uses were approximately \$3,798,000 during 2022 as compared to \$2,881,000 during 2021. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in grants passed through to assisted entities and employee wages and benefits.
- PILOT payments passed through to local governmental units were approximately \$2,359,000 during 2022 as compared to \$2,027,000 during 2021. This increase was related to wind farm PILOT's.

#### III. Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.

# A. Reporting the Agency as a Whole (Government-wide Financial Statements):

The government-wide statements report information about the entity as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. Activities that are fiduciary in nature are not included in these statements.

# 1. Combined Statement of Net Position-All Fund Types

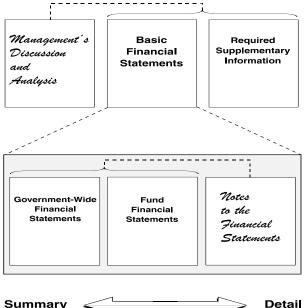
The Combined Balance Sheet (page 8) shows the "assets" (what is owned), "liabilities" (what is owed) and the "net position" (the resources that would remain if all obligations were settled) of the Agency. The Statement categorizes assets to show that some assets are very liquid, such as cash and cash equivalents. Some assets are designated for certain purposes or reserved for emergencies and cash flow purposes. Some assets are available to fund budgets of the following year.

#### 2. <u>Combined Statement of Revenue, Expenditures,</u> and Changes in Net Position-All Fund Types

The Combined Statement of Revenue Expenditures and Changes in Net Position (page 9) shows the amounts of program-specific and general Agency revenue used to support the Agency's various functions.

The two government-wide statements report the Agency's net position and how they have changed. Net Position – the difference between the Agency's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the Agency's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Agency's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the Agency's overall health additional non-financial factors also need to be considered.

Figure A-2 - Required Components of the Agency's Annual Financial Report



# Summary

#### IV. Financial Analysis of the Agency as a Whole

#### Net Position

The Agency's total entity-wide net position at December 31, 2022 was approximately \$22,201,000. This includes: capital assets, net of related debt of \$648,000, restricted net position of \$18,556,000; and unrestricted net position of \$2,997,000.

#### Revenue

The Agency's total revenue and other sources were approximately \$6,136,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022. The Agency also received approximately \$2,359,000 of pass-through revenue during the year ended December 31, 2022. The Agency acts as an intermediary for these funds, and appropriately recognizes each pass-through amount as an expenditure upon distribution.

Figure A-4 presents the major sources of revenue of the Agency. The most significant sources of governmental revenue in the Agency are more thoroughly discussed as follows:

 Rental revenue which represents approximately 4% of the Agency's total revenue decreased by \$3,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022. This decrease was receiving normal rent payments during the year ended December 31, 2022.

# IV. Financial Analysis of the Agency as a Whole (continued)

#### Revenue (continued)

- Revenue from application and administrative fees decreased \$201,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily related to administrative fees related to the prior year projects.
- Grant income decreased \$2,431,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022. This decrease was primarily related to more grant income related to the EDA CARES revolving loan fund recognized in the prior year.
- Revenue from interest income increased \$43,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022 as a result of a larger loan portfolio in 2022 related to the EDA CARES fund.

#### **Expenses**

The total cost of all programs and services of the Agency was approximately \$3,798,000. The Agency's expenses consist primarily of grant expenses, depreciation, interest expense and general and administrative expenses.

The Agency's expenses are more thoroughly discussed as follows:

- The Agency's total costs were approximately \$3,798,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022 as compared with \$2,881,000 during the year ended December 31, 2021. This increase was primarily the result of an increase in grants passed through to assisted entities and increases in employee wages and benefits.
- The Agency's general and administration costs were approximately \$2,633,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022 as compared with \$2,211,000 during the year ended December 31, 2021. This increase was caused by increases in employee wages and benefits.
- The Agency's loan funds by their very design often function as a lender of last resort. Because of this, management is constantly challenged to evaluate its loan portfolio with respect to its collectability. At December 31, 2022, the Agency has reserved against potential uncollectible loans approximately \$64,000, \$1,832,000, \$1,501,000, and \$49,000 for the Chautauqua Revolving Loan Fund, the Al-Tech Trust Fund, the EDA CARES Fund, and the CREDC fund, respectively. Bad debt expense totaled \$324,000 and \$416,000 during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- The Agency's grant expense increase in 2022 due to the marketing business assistance grant which assisted local businesses with marketing cost.

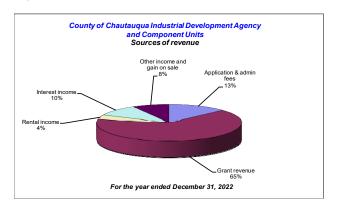
#### Figure A-3 - Combined Statement of Net Position

#### County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency and Component Units Combined Statement of Net Position (in thousands of dollars) Total Government-wide 2022 2021 % Change Assets Current and other assets 10,719 \$ 7,555 42% Capital and right of uses assets, net 2,595 1,858 40% Other assets 17 634 16 153 9% Total assets 30,948 \$ 25,566 21% Liabilities Current liabilities 6,294 \$ 3,790 66% Long-term liabilities 2,453 1,811 35% Total liabilities 8.747 5.601 56% Net Position Invested in capital assets net of related debt 648 753 -14% Restricted 18,556 16,273 14% Unrestricted 2,997 2,939 2% Total net position 22,201 19,965 11% 30,948 25,566 21% Total liabilities and net position

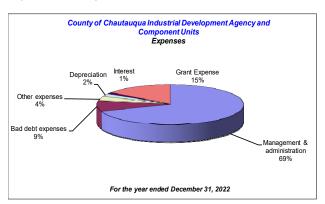
#### Figure A-4 Statement of Revenue & Expenses

County of Chautauqua		rial Develop ent Units	mer	nt Agency							
Changes in Net Position from Op	•		thc	ousands of L	Oollars)						
	Total Government-wide										
		2022		2021	% Change						
Revenue											
Application & administration fees	\$	810	\$	1,011	-209						
Grant income		3,974		6,405	-389						
Rental income		233		236	-19						
Interest income		614		571	89						
Other income and gain (loss) on sale		505		455	119						
Total revenue		6,136		8,678	-29						
Expenses											
General and administrative		2,633		2,211	199						
Grant expenses		571			n/						
Bad debt expenses		324		416	-22						
Other expenses		137		123	129						
Depreciation		85		78	109						
Interest expense		48		53	-99						
Total expenses		3,798		2,881	329						
Pass-through transactions											
Revenues-PILOT		2.359		2.027	169						
Expenditures-PILOT		(2,359)		(2,027)	169						
•					0						
Change in net position	\$	2,338	\$	5,797							

#### Figure A-5 Sources of Revenue



#### Figure A-6 - Expenses



#### V. Financial Analysis of the Agency Funds

#### Industrial Development Agency (IDA)

#### Net Position

During the current year, IDA fund total expenses exceeded total revenues by \$233,000. Total net position decreased from \$3,492,000 to \$3,157,000. In addition, a prior period adjustment of \$102,000 was recorded related to GASB 87.

#### <u>Revenue</u>

During the current year, total IDA fund revenue and other sources were \$2,095,000 as compared with \$1,862,000 during 2021. This increase in revenue was primarily due to administrative fees and ARPA grant revenue.

#### **Expenses**

During the current year, total IDA fund expenses were \$2,328,000 as compared with \$1,642,000 during 2021. This increase was primarily the result of increases wages and benefits, professional fees and ARPA grant expense.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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# V. Financial Analysis of the Agency Funds (continued)

#### Chautauqua Revolving Loan Fund (CRLF)

The IDA operates a revolving loan fund which originated from grant revenue received from the Appalachian Regional Commission for the purpose of extending loans to companies for eligible energy improvements. This fund is operated on a revolving basis and is administered by the IDA.

#### **Net Position**

During the current year, the CRLF's total revenues exceeded total expenses by approximately \$13,000 causing total net position to increase from \$584,000 to \$597,000.

#### Revenue

During the current year, total revenue of the CRLF was \$18,000 as compared with \$21,000 during 2021. This decrease was primarily the result of a decrease in interest income.

#### **Expenses**

During the current year, total expenses of the CRLF were \$5,000 as compared with \$6,000 during 2021. This decrease is related to bad debt expense decreasing related to adjusting the allowance for bad debts in the prior years.

#### Al-Tech Trust Fund

The Al Tech Trust Fund was established as a result of a \$10,000,000 grant from the U.S. Economic Development Administration (EDA) to Chautauqua and Albany Counties. Pursuant to a letter dated April 20, 2006, the EDA authorized a transfer of the AL Tech Trust Fund to the IDA, which was previously administered by the Job Development Authority (JDA).

#### **Net Position**

During the current year, the Al-Tech Trust Fund total revenues exceeded total expenses by approximately \$208,000 causing total net position to increase from \$8,817,000 to \$9,025,000 as of December 31, 2022.

#### Revenue

During the current year, total revenue and other sources of Al-Tech Trust Fund was \$395,000 as compared with \$344,000 during the prior year. Application fees increased in the current year and was offset by a decrease in interest income.

# V. Financial Analysis of the Agency Funds (continued)

#### Al-Tech Trust Fund (continued)

#### Expenses

During the current year, total expenses of the Al-Tech Trust Fund were \$187,000, as compared with \$40,000 during the prior year. This increase primarily resulted from an increase in general and administrative fees and a decrease in bad debt recovery.

#### **EDA CARES Fund**

The EDA CARES Fund was established in 2020 as a result of a \$10,500,000 grant from the U.S. Economic Development Administration (EDA) to the IDA to assist local business experiencing hardship due to the COVID 19 pandemic.

#### **Net Position**

During the current year, the EDA CARES Fund total revenues exceeded total expenses by approximately \$2,061,000 causing total net position to increase from \$6,873,000 to \$8,934,000.

#### Revenue

During the current year, total revenue and other sources EDA CARES Fund was \$2,510,000 as compared to \$6,087,000 during 2021. This decrease is due to grant income related to funding the EDA CARES loans decreasing due to fewer loan awards in 2022.

#### **Expenses**

During the current year, total expenses of the EDA CARES Fund \$449,000 as compared to \$761,000 during 2021. This decrease was primarily related to bad debt expense as fewer new loans were added to the fund in 2022 compared to 2021.

#### <u>Chautauqua Region Economic Development</u> <u>Corporation (CREDC)</u>

Chautauqua Region Economic Development Corporation was incorporated in 1986 under the Non-profit Corporation Law for the purpose of: relieving and reducing unemployment, promoting and providing for additional and maximum employment, bettering and maintaining job opportunities, etc. The financial statements of CREDC are treated as a blended component unit and are included in the audit report with the Industrial Development Agency.

#### **Net Position**

During the current year, the CREDC's total revenues exceeded total expenditures by approximately \$289,000 causing total net position to increase from \$199,000 to \$488,000.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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# V. Financial Analysis of the Agency Funds (continued)

#### <u>Chautauqua Region Economic Development</u> <u>Corporation (CREDC) (continued)</u>

#### Revenue

During the current year, total revenue of CREDC was \$1,117,000 as compared with \$302,000 during 2021. This increase was primarily due to Partnership for Economic Growth grants received during the current year.

#### Expenses

During the current year, total expenses of CREDC were \$828,000 as compared with \$370,000 during 2021. This increase related to grant assistance passed through to local businesses in the Partnership for Economic Growth fund.

#### <u>Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation</u> (CCCRC)

Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation was incorporated in 2011. The key focus of the Corporation is to assist not for profit institutions, manufacturing and industrial businesses to obtain access to low interest tax-exempt and non-tax-exempt financing for their eligible projects as well as other projects within the County for the purpose of promoting economic development and reducing unemployment. There were no new Tax-Exempt Bonds and therefore no activity in the corporation in 2022.

#### VI. Capital Asset and Debt Administration

#### Capital Assets

As depicted in Figure A-7, as of December 31, 2022, the Agency and its component unit had invested approximately in a broad range of capital assets, including industrial parks, buildings and furniture and equipment. Capital additions made during the year ended December 31, 2022, totaled approximately \$51,000. This increase was primarily due to the implementation of GASB 87 and a right-to-use asset of \$772,000 that was recorded during the current year.

#### Long-term Debt

As depicted in Figure A-8, as of December 31, 2022, the Agency and its component units had approximately \$4,774,000 in bonds, notes payable and other liabilities, a increase of approximately -\$730,000 as compared with the previous year. This increase was primarily due to the implementation of GASB 87 and a lease liability of \$882,000 that was recorded during the current year.

#### VI. Capital Asset and Debt Administration (continued)

Figure A-7 - Capital Assets

County of Chautauqua Indu and Comp Capital and Rigi	onent	Units	Agency	
		2022	2021	Change
Buildings	\$	2,069	\$ 2,018	3%
SPEC Buildings		26	26	0%
Improvements		480	480	0%
Equipment		129	129	0%
Right-of-use asset, net		772	862	-10%
Accumulated depreciation		(881)	-	n/a
Capital and Right of Use Assets - net	\$	2,595	\$ 3,515	-26%

Figure A-8 - Long-term Debt

County of Chautauqua Inc	dusti	rial Develo	pme	ent Agency	
and Com	pone	nt Units			
Long-	term	Debt			
	_	2022		2021	Change
Bond - Stoneman Park SPEC Building	\$	755	\$	819	-8%
Bond - Chadwick Bay SPEC Building		1,056		1,144	-8%
Bond - Dunkirk Building		2,000		2,000	0%
Other bonds		81		81	0%
Lease liability		882		-	n/a
Total long-term debt	\$	4,774	\$	4,044	18%
rotariong term debt	Ť	4,7.74	<u> </u>	4,044	

#### VII. Factors Bearing on the Agency's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Agency was aware of the following existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future:

The CCIDA is aggressively seeking to acquire property or properties to create a new shovel-ready site or sites, and/or to expand and existing industrial park. The site or sites will be as close to being ready to construct on as possible, including having site control, undertaking due diligence, installing and/or stubbing in infrastructure, ensuring zoning is appropriate, etc. At present, the CCIDA/County is woefully deplete of shovel-ready sites, and is missing out on opportunities for new development that require large, strategically-located sites that are shovel-ready.

#### VIII. Contacting the Agency's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the Agency and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact:

County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency
Mr. Richard Dixon, CFO
201 West Third Street
Jamestown, New York 14701

As of December 3	31,	2022
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				CC	IDA	1						
		Industrial	Cł	nautauqua								(Memo Only)
	D	evelopment	R	Revolving		Al- Tech	Е	DA CARES				Total
		Agency	L	oan Fund		Trust Fund		Fund		CREDC	Re	porting Entity
Assets								•				
Current												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,796,135	\$	236,573	\$	2,095,218	\$	1,135,086	\$	1,255,390	\$	7,518,402
Other receivables, current		837,458								29,800		867,258
Other current assets		100,000								2,093		102,093
Current portion, mortgage receivable		148,412										148,412
Current portion, notes receivable				62,661		797,965		1,061,964	_	160,080		2,082,670
Total current assets		3,882,005		299,234		2,893,183		2,197,050		1,447,363		10,718,835
Property, equipment and right-of-use assets, net		2,595,283										2,595,283
Other assets												
Other receivables, net of current portion		1,087,695										1,087,695
Notes receivable, net of current portion				361,440		7,963,851		8,112,757		833,580		17,271,628
Allowance for uncollectible notes receivable				(64,000)		(1,832,000)		(1,376,000)		(149,000)		(3,421,000)
Mortgage receivable, net of current portion		1,657,718		(- 1,)		( -,						1,657,718
Security deposits and other assets		15,957										15,957
Real property held for resale		991,328								30,488		1,021,816
Total other assets		3,752,698		297,440		6,131,851		6,736,757		715,068		17,633,814
	\$	10,229,986	\$	596,674	\$	9,025,034	\$	8,933,807	\$	2,162,431	\$	30,947,932
Liabilities and Net Position												
Current liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	34,296	\$		\$		\$		\$	73	\$	34,369
Accrued liabilities		74,951								207		75,158
Accrued interest		319,283										319,283
Unearned revenue		1,869,381								1,673,672		3,543,053
Current portion of lease liabilities		85,261										85,261
Current portion of long-term debt		2,237,096						<u></u>				2,237,096
Total current liabilities		4,620,268								1,673,952		6,294,220
Lease liabilities, net of current portion		796,914										796,914
Long-term debt, net of current portion	_	1,655,584										1,655,584
Total liabilities		7,072,766								1,673,952		8,746,718
Net position												
Invested in capital assets, net of												
related receivables and debt		617,886								30,488		648,374
Restricted				596,674		9,025,034		8,933,807				18,555,515
Unrestricted		2,539,334								457,991		2,997,325
Total net position		3,157,220		596,674		9,025,034		8,933,807		488,479		22,201,214
	\$	10,229,986	\$	596,674	\$	9,025,034	\$	8,933,807	\$	2,162,431	\$	30,947,932

# COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - ALL FUNDS

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Year ended December 31, 2022						
		cc	IDA			
	Industrial Development	Chautauqua Revolving	Al-Tech	EDA CARES		(Memo Only) Total
	Agency	Loan Fund	Trust Fund	Fund	CREDC	Reporting Entity
Revenue						
Application and administration fees	\$ 704,838	\$	\$ 73,040	\$ 32,003	\$	\$ 809,881
Grant income	631,449			2,270,759	1,071,544	3,973,752
Rental income	232,650					232,650
Interest income	60,152	18,092	322,293	206,919	6,598	614,054
Other income	466,026			203	38,985	505,214
Total revenue	2,095,115	18,092	395,333	2,509,884	1,117,127	6,135,551
Expenditures						
General and administrative	1,752,495	9,897	192,928	224,067	453,900	2,633,287
Grant expenses	296,317				274,521	570,838
Consultants	49,702					49,702
Industrial Park expenses	85,561					85,561
Bad debt expense (recovery)	10,000	(4,735)	(6,002)	225,001	100,000	324,264
Depreciation	85,443					85,443
Total expenses	2,279,518	5,162	186,926	449,068	828,421	3,749,095
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures before financing						
sources and pass-throughs	(184,403)	12,930	208,407	2,060,816	288,706	2,386,456
Other financing sources (uses)						
Interest expense	(48,492)					(48,492)
	(48,492)					(48,492)
Pass-through transactions						
Revenue - PILOT	2,358,780					2,358,780
Expenditures - PILOT	(2,358,780)					(2,358,780)
Excess (deficiency) of revenue and						
other sources over expenditures	(232,895)	12,930	208,407	2,060,816	288,706	2,337,964
Net position, beginning	3,491,959	583,744	8,816,627	6,872,991	199,773	19,965,094
Prior period adjustment	(101,844)					(101,844)
Net position, ending	\$ 3,157,220	\$ 596,674	\$ 9,025,034	\$ 8,933,807	\$ 488,479	\$ 22,201,214

# COUNTY OF CHAUTAUQUA INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY COMBINED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – ALL FUNDS

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Year ended December 31, 2022										
			(	CCII	DA					
	Inc	lustrial	Chautauqu	а					(	Memo Only)
	Deve	velopment	Revolving		Al-Tech	E	DA CARES			Total
	A	gency	Loan Fund		Trust Fund		Fund	CREDC	Re	porting Entity
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:										
Cash received from entities assisted	\$	624,432	\$ -	- 5	\$ 73,040	\$	32,003	\$	\$	729,475
Grant income	2	,405,830	-	-			2,270,759	2,436,586		7,113,175
Rental income		232,650	-	-						232,650
Cash received on PILOT's	2	,358,780	-	-						2,358,780
Cash paid to contractors	(1	,445,452)	-	-	(20,549)		(22,039)	(513,365)		(2,001,405)
Interagency charges		408,892	(9,897	7)	(172,379)		(202,028)	(24,588)		
Cash paid to employees		(550,015)	-	-				(176,665)		(726,680)
Cash payments on PILOTs	(2	,358,780)	-	-						(2,358,780)
Cash paid for grants		(296,317)	-	-				(274,521)		(570,838)
Change in right of use assets and lease liability		8,346	-	-						8,346
Other receipts		57,134	-	-			203	38,985		96,322
Interest paid		(48,802)	-							(48,802)
Interest received		60,152	18,092	2	322,293		206,919	6,598		614,054
Net cash provided by operating activities	1	,456,850	8,19	5	202,405		2,285,817	1,493,030		5,446,297
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:										
Issuances of mortgages and notes receivable			-	-	(1,125,000)		(3,087,614)	(734,000)		(4,946,614)
Collections on mortgages and notes receivable		134,030	55,449	9	1,315,660		936,344	68,565		2,510,048
Capital expenditures		(83,093)	-							(83,093)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		50,937	55,449	)	190,660		(2,151,270)	(665,435)		(2,519,659)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:										
Principal payments on long-term debt		(151,764)	_	_						(151,764)
This part payments of tong tonin asset		(101,101)								(101,101)
Net cash used in investing activities		(151,764)	-	-						(151,764)
Net change in cash	1	,356,023	63,644	1	393,065		134,547	827,595		2,774,874
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1	,440,112	172,929	)	1,702,153		1,000,539	427,795		4,743,528
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2	,796,135	\$ 236,57	3 5	\$ 2,095,218	\$	1,135,086	\$ 1,255,390	\$	7,518,402
Reconciliation of change in net position to net cash										
provided by operating activities:										
Change in net position	\$	(232,895)	\$ 12,930	) 5	\$ 208,407	\$	2,060,816	\$ 288,706	\$	2,337,964
Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net		,								
cash provided by operating activities:										
Depreciation		85,443	-	-						85,443
Bad debt expense (recovery)		10,000	(4,73	5)	(6,002)		225,001	100,000		324,264
Change in operating assets and liabilities:										
Accounts receivable		252,915	-	-				241,370		494,285
Securrity deposits and other assets		(107,000)	-	-				2,888		(104,112)
Accounts payable		(3,174)	-	-				(263,813)		(266,987)
Accrued liabilities		2,465	-	-				207		2,672
Accrued interest		(310)	-	-						(310)
Right-of-use asset and lease liability, net		8,346	-	-						8,346
Unearned revenue	1	,441,060	-					1,123,672		2,564,732
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1	,456,850	\$ 8,19	5_5	\$ 202,405	\$	2,285,817	\$ 1,493,030	\$	5,446,297

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Deferre Compensa Trust Fu	tion Co	Defined Contribution Trust Fund		
ASSETS					
Mutual funds		9,436 \$	128,896		
Total Investments	40	9,436	128,896		
Total Assets	\$ 40	9,436 \$	128,896		
NET POSITION					
Restricted for:					
Deferred compensation	\$ 40	9,436 \$			
Defined contribution	•		128,896		
Total net position	40	9,436	128,896		
Total Net Position	\$ 40	9,436 \$	128,896		

Year ended December 31, 2022

	Co	Deferred mpensation rust Fund		Defined Contribution Trust Fund
ADDITIONS				
Contributions:			_	
Members	\$	66,870	\$	
Employers				34,616
Total contributions		66,870		34,616
Investement Earnings				
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(61,898)		(31,425)
Total investment earnings		(61,898)		(31,425)
Total additions		4,972		3,191
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Benefits paid to participants or beneficiaries				8,060
Total deductions				8,060
Net Change in fiduciary net position		4,972		(4,869)
Net Position-beginning of year		404,464		133,765
Net Position-ending of year	\$	409,436	\$	128,896

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### I. Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying general purpose financial statements of the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### A. Reporting Entity

The **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency** (the "Agency") was established as a public benefit corporation under Title I. Article 18A of General Municipal Law of the State of New York and signed into law by the Governor, March 22, 1972. The purpose of the Agency is to promote, develop, encourage, and assist in the acquiring, constructing and maintaining of industrial and manufacturing facilities. The Agency is exempt from federal and state income taxes. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed in Note 2 are included in the Agency's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationship with the Agency. The Agency and its component units are included as a discretely presented component unit within the County of Chautaugua, New York's financial statements.

#### B. Basis of Accounting

The Agency's accounts are maintained on an accrual basis whereby revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

#### C. Fund Accounting

The Agency uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

#### **General Operating Fund**

The general operating fund of the Agency is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for and reported in another fund.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Fund Accounting (continued)

#### Al-Tech Loan Funds

Pursuant to a letter dated April 20, 2006, the Economic Development Authority (EDA) authorized a transfer of the Al Tech Trust Fund to the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency*, which previously served as a project packager assisting local industry in preparing the loan packages and recommending local industries for loans from the fund. Beginning in September 2006, the Agency began reviewing and approving loans from the Trust Fund, and otherwise performing all administrative functions for the Fund that had previously been performed by the Job Development Authority.

#### **EDA CARES Loan Funds**

On September 9, 2020 the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* was selected as the recipient of a \$10.5 million grant through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, which enabled the agency to establish a new Revolving Loan Fund(RLF). The RLF provides capital in the form of low-interest loans to both businesses and non-profit organizations to respond to economic injury resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### Chautauqua Revolving Loan Fund

The Chautauqua Revolving Loan Fund originated from grant revenue received from the Appalachian Regional Commission for the purpose of extending loans to companies for eligible energy improvements. This fund is now operated on a revolving basis and is administered by the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency*. As principal and interest is repaid, the proceeds are used to extend financing to other companies. The Agency has developed standards for advancing proceeds from the fund. These standards have the broader purpose of fostering both job growth as well as the retention of existing jobs, by assisting existing business and industry or for the purpose of providing seed capital to start-up ventures.

#### Chautauqua Region Economic Development Corporation

The Agency has a component unit, the Chautauqua Region Economic Development Corporation (CREDC) which is further described in Note 2 of the financial statements.

#### Chautaugua County Capital Resource Corporation

The Agency has a component unit, the Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation (CCCRC) which is further described in Note 2 of the financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Fund Accounting (continued)

#### Fiduciary fund

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the Agency acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the combined financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the Agency, and are not available to be used. Included in the Fiduciary Funds are a Defined Contribution Fund and Deferred Compensation Plan Fund.

#### D. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>

The Agency includes all highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less in cash and cash equivalents on the accompanying balance sheet. Bank balances are collateralized through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation and with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the Agency's name. As of December 31, 2022, the Agency was fully collateralized.

#### E. <u>Investments</u>

Short-term investments consist of certificates of deposit with maturities greater than 90 days. Fiduciary Activities investments include mutual funds measured at fair value.

#### F. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Agency has a number of financial instruments, none of which are held for trading purposes. Management estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2022, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of net position.

#### G. <u>Industrial Development Revenue Bonds and</u> Civic Facility Bonds

Industrial development revenue bonds issued by the Agency are secured by the properties which are leased to companies and are retired by lease payments. Civic facility bonds issued by the Agency include facilities owned or operated by New York State Not-for-Profit Corporations. The industrial development revenue and civic facility bonds are not obligations of the Agency, County, or State. The Agency does not record the assets or liabilities resulting from any such bond issuance in its financial statements since its primary function is to arrange the financing between the borrowing companies and the bondholders and funds arising from the issuance are controlled by trustees or banks acting as fiscal agents. For providing this service, the Agency receives bond administrative fees from the borrowing companies. Such administrative fee income is recognized immediately upon receipt after issuance of the bonds.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. <u>Industrial Development Revenue Bonds and</u> Civic Facility Bonds (continued)

In May 2009, the Agency formed a non-profit organization under the name of Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation (CCCRC). This entity has the ability to provide such financing to non-profit organizations in the future.

#### H. <u>Tax Lease Program</u>

The Agency maintains tax lease and PILOT (payment in lieu of tax) programs. These programs are offered to companies who acquire, construct or substantially renovate facilities suitable for manufacturing, warehousing, research and development and other industrial purposes. Under the tax lease program, title to the property is conveyed to the Agency through the term of the lease agreement. Transfer of title removes the property from the tax rolls and the project assumes a tax-exempt nature, abating real property taxes, sales tax and mortgage taxes. A lease is written between the company as lessee and the County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency as lessor, which specifies that the company will retain operational control of the project. At the end of the lease term, title to the assets is returned to the company. The Agency does not record assets acquired under the lease program since the Agency's primary function is to provide state and local tax benefits to the lessee. The Agency receives lease administrative fees from the lessee for providing the service.

Both the PILOT and tax lease programs are governed by New York State statute. The Agency has the local authority to offer real property tax abatement as an inducement for industrial development projects. The Agency can affix the tax abatement discount at a rate necessary to satisfactorily complete a project. Under special circumstances defined by NYS statute, the Agency has the authority to also provide real property tax abatement to both commercial and/or retail projects located within areas designated to be of high distress. The Agency has a standard PILOT program for qualified projects, qualified projects that are also adaptive reuse projects and tourism destination projects. The real property tax abatement is for a period not to exceed fifteen years and the percentage of abatement ranges from 0% to 100% depending on the type of project. agreement is the instrument by which the discounted tax payments to be made are structured. All taxing jurisdictions receive payments in the same proportion as if the entire tax amount were paid.

A PILOT agreement and tax lease can run concurrently, but are not required to be used together. It is possible to structure a tax lease agreement without an accompanying PILOT.

The Agency's PILOT program generated \$2,358,780 in 2022 for local municipalities.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### I. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is calculated on the straight-line method for buildings and equipment over the estimated useful asset life which ranges from three to thirty-nine years.

#### J. Real Property Held for Resale

The Agency and CREDC has valued the real property held for resale at cost.

Beginning of year real property, net of sales Current additions and improvements-IDA	\$ 989,226 32,590
Current disposals- IDA	 
Total Real Property Held for Resale	\$ 1,021,816

#### K. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing the financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenue and expenditures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### L. <u>Total Columns on Financial Statements</u>

The columns of the general purpose financial statements are captioned "Memorandum Only" to indicate that they are presented only to facilitate financial analysis. Data in these columns do not present financial position, results of operations or changes in financial position in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### M. <u>Income Tax Status</u>

CREDC is exempt from federal income taxes under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and from New York State income taxes under Article 7-A of the Executive Law and New York Estates, Powers, and Trusts Law. Therefore, no provision has been made for federal or New York State income taxes in the accompanying financial statements. In addition, the Agency qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A) and has been classified as an Agency other than a private foundation under Section 509(a)(2).

CREDC has assessed its filing status under the sections of the Internal Revenue Code and New York State Executive Law referenced above and concluded that the Agency meets the requirements to be considered a public charity. Tax filings that remain subject to examination by taxing authorities include years 2019 and later.

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### M. Income Tax Status (continued)

The Chautauqua Capital Resource Corporation (CCCRC) is a corporation that was established to assist the County in issuing tax exempt bonds in furtherance of its purposes. The bonds issued on behalf of the County by the Corporation will be treated as tax-exempt as defined under Internal Revenue Service Code 103.

#### N. Recently Adopted Accounting Standards

Effective January 1, 2022, the Agency adopted GASB 87, Leases. The new standard establishes a right of use (ROU) model that requires a lessee to record an ROU asset and a lease liability on the combined statement of net position for all leases with terms longer than 12 months. Leases are classified as either finance or operating, with classification affecting the pattern of expense recognition in the statement of activities. Leases with a term of less than 12 months will not record a right of use asset and lease liability and the payments will be recognized into net income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Agency elected to adopt GASB 87, Leases, using the optional transition method that allows the Agency to initially apply the new lease standard at the adoption date and recognize a cumulative effect adjustment to the opening net position in the period of adoption.

#### **NOTE 2 - COMPONENT UNITS**

#### <u>Chautauqua Region Economic Development</u> <u>Corporation (CREDC)</u>

The Board of Chautauqua Region Economic Development Corporation (CREDC) consists of all members of the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's* Board of Directors.

CREDC was incorporated in 1986 under Section 402 of the Not-for-Profit Corporation Law. The purposes of the Corporation are: the relieving and reducing of unemployment, promoting and providing for additional and maximum employment, bettering and maintaining job opportunities, instructing or training individuals to improve or develop their capabilities for such jobs, carrying on scientific research for the purpose of aiding a community or geographical area by attracting new industry to the community or area, lessening the burdens of government, and acting in the public interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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2022

#### **NOTE 2 - COMPONENT UNITS (CONTINUED)**

#### Chautaugua Region Economic Development Corporation (CREDC) (continued)

The Corporation was formed to replace the Jamestown Area Development Corporation which was created as a for-profit corporation and as such could not properly act as a conduit between the Chautauqua Region Economic Development Corporation and the New York Job Development Authority. The financial statements of CREDC are treated as a blended component unit and are included in this audit report for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation (CCCRC)

The Board of the Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation (CCCRC) consists of all members of the **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's** Board of Directors.

The Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation (CCCRC) is a local development corporation formed under Section 1411 of the New York State Not-for-Profit Corporation Law. The Corporation undertakes projects either on its own behalf ("Corporation Projects"), or for the benefit of an applicant ("Applicant Projects"). According to the NFPCL and the Incorporation Certificate, the Corporation can undertake any project that promotes community and economic development and the creation of jobs in the non-profit and for-profit sectors for the citizens of Chautauqua County (the "County") by developing and providing programs for not-for profit institutions, manufacturing and industrial businesses and other entities to access low interest tax exempt and non-tax-exempt financing for their eligible projects, as well as projects and activities within the County for the purpose of relieving and reducing unemployment, bettering and maintaining job opportunities, carrying on scientific research for the purpose of aiding the County by attracting new industry to the County or by encouraging the development of, or retention of, an industry in the County, and lessening the burdens of government and acting in the public interest.

Additionally, the Corporation was created as a public instrumentality of the County. Accordingly, when the Corporation issues debt which is intended to be federally tax-exempt and which qualifies as federally tax-exempt debt, the interest payable on such Tax-Exempt Bonds is excludable from the gross income of the holders thereof for federal income tax This exemption of interest from certain income taxation allows the Corporation to borrow at lower interest rates, thus lowering the cost of borrowing for a project.

The financial statements of CCCRC are treated as a blended component unit. CCCRC had no activity during the year ended December 31, 2022 and therefore are presented in the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 3 – OTHER RECEIVABLES**

As of December 31, 2022, the Agency had an outstanding balance in other receivables of \$1,925,153. The majority of the balance consists of fees related to the Immunity Bio project (\$775,000 other receivables – see note 18), Cassadaga Wind Farm (\$400,000 other receivables – see note 17), Electrovaya project (\$290,000 other receivables – see note 18) and Ball Hill Wind Farm (\$200,000 other receivables – see note 17). Also in the other receivables balance were \$260,153 of receivables related to rents, administrative fees and grant receivables. As of December 31, 2022, CREDC had an outstanding balance in other receivables of \$29,800. The majority of the balance is related to grants receivable from the Northern Chautauqua Community Foundation.

2021

#### **NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT**

Property and equipment consist of the following at December 31, 2022:

	alance as restated	A	Additions	D	eletions	I	Balance
IDA:							
Jamestown Airport Hanger	\$ 252,565	\$		\$		\$	252,565
Furniture and equipment	128,691						128,691
Talcott Street property	1,765,612		50,503				1,816,115
West End Improvements	53,848						53,848
Other improvements	452,655						452,655
Right-of-use assets	 861,925						861,925
Less: accumulated depreciation and	3,515,296		50,503				3,565,799
amortization	 (795,133)		(175,383)				(970,516)
Total	\$ 2,720,163	\$	(124,880)	\$		\$	2,595,283

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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#### **NOTE 4 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT (CONTINUED)**

Depreciation expense relating to property and equipment was \$85,443 for CCIDA during the year ended December 31, 2022. Amortization expense relating to right-of-use assets was \$89,940 for CCIDA during the year ended December 31, 2022.

In 2015, CCIDA purchased a building located on Talcott Street in Dunkirk, NY for \$1,675,000 with proceeds from a bond issued during 2014. During the period in which the building is held for lease, the Agency is depreciating the asset.

#### **NOTE 5 - INDUSTRIAL PARK EXPENSES**

These costs include North County Industrial Water District charges, South County Industrial Park real estate taxes, engineering costs and related development expenses of the Industrial Park.

#### **NOTE 6 - UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue of the **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency** includes special projects grant income received but not yet disbursed and other income received but not yet earned.

During 2020, CCIDA received \$35,000 of administrative fees related to the Ripley Solar Project. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Agency incurred expenditures relating to the grant of \$19,383 and \$15,617, respectively.

During 2022, CCIDA received \$95,000 of Brownfields Remediation money from the County of Chautauqua as the local share towards the creation of a Brownfields Revolving Loan Fund. The total loan fund awarded by the United States Environmental Agency was for a \$600,000 fund of which 20% was to be local funds (\$95,000 from Chautauqua County and \$25,000 from the CCIDA). As of December 31, 2022, the loan fund has not been established and the monies received from the County of Chautauqua, of \$95,000, have been recognized as an unearned revenue.

During 2020, CCIDA received a grant from Chautauqua County in the amount of \$200,000 related to the North County Industrial Park. During 2021, CCIDA received an additional \$130,000 grant from Chautauqua County in the related to the North County Industrial Park. During 2022, CCIDA received an additional \$1,500,000 grant from Chautauqua County in the related to the North County Industrial Park. Per the agreement, the funds are to be utilized to complete infrastructure upgrades. During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Agency incurred expenditures relating to the grant of \$55,619. The remaining \$1,774,381 was recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **NOTE 6 - UNEARNED REVENUE (CONTINUED)**

During 2019, CREDC received \$200,000 from the New York State Office of Community Renewal that was passed through to Cockaigne Development, LLC in the form of a deferred loan. If the company complies with the covenants, conditions and obligations of the loan agreement the balance will be forgiven.

During 2022, CREDC received \$367,000 from the New York State Office of Community Renewal that was passed through to Jamestown Advanced Products Corp. in the form of a deferred loan. If the company complies with the covenants, conditions and obligations of the loan agreement the balance will be forgiven.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, CREDC received \$350,000 and \$350,000, respectively, from the Ralph C. Wilson, Jr. Foundation to implement priority projects in alignment with Chautauqua County's economic development strategic plan. During the year ended December 31, 2022, CREDC incurred expenditures relating to the grant of \$201,783. The remaining \$498,217 was recorded as unearned revenue.

During 2022, CREDC received \$500,000 of American Rescue Plan Act monies from Chautauqua County related to the Partnership for Economic Growth's Strategic Plan. During the year ended December 31, 2022, CREDC incurred expenditures relating to the grant of \$93,446. The remaining \$406,554 was recorded as unearned revenue.

During 2022, CREDC received \$125,000 of American Rescue Plan Act monies from Chautauqua County related to the upgrades of county trails. During the year ended December 31, 2022, CREDC incurred expenditures relating to the grant of \$117,476. The remaining \$7,524 was recorded as unearned revenue.

During 2022, CREDC received \$200,000 of American Rescue Plan Act monies from Chautauqua County related to special tourism and marketing programs. During the year ended December 31, 2022, CREDC incurred expenditures relating to the grant of \$35,000. The remaining \$165,000 was recorded as unearned revenue.

During 2022, CREDC received \$31,216 related to Chadwick Bay Regional Commission. During year ended December 31, 2022, CREDC incurred expenditures relating to the grant of \$1,839. The remaining \$29,377 was recorded as unearned revenue.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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#### **NOTE 7 - CONTINGENCIES**

The Agency receives funding from federal, state and local governmental sources. This funding is dependent on current economic conditions and community needs as defined by the governmental units. The contracts related to these programs could be terminated or significantly reduced with minimal notice.

Disallowances, if any, as a result of audit by a grantor may become liabilities of the Agency. Management believes that no material disallowances will result from any audits by grantor agencies.

#### **NOTE 8 - MORTGAGE RECEIVABLE**

#### **Industrial Development Agency**

In 2006, CCIDA sold a building (Chadwick Bay Spec Building) to a Company and assumed a mortgage note receivable. At the time CCIDA also had an outstanding note payable to Chautaugua County related to bonds issued for the construction of the property. In 2010, the Company defaulted on the note receivable and Chautauqua County, who held a first position on the mortgage, foreclosed on the property and took title to it. On February 22, 2012, Chautaugua County transferred title to the property back to CCIDA and a note payable in the amount of \$1,816,765 was assumed by CCIDA. On June 25, 2013 CCIDA sold the building and established a \$1,700,000 promissory note from the purchaser of the building. The promissory note calls for monthly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$9,428 per month and the note matures in July 2033. In doing so, CCIDA modified the terms of their bond with Chautauqua County to a rate of 2.274% from 3.00% and a term of 21.5 years from 31.5 years. The balance outstanding on the note was \$1,024,821, as of December 31, 2022.

In 2018, CCIDA sold a building (Stoneman Park) to a company and assumed a mortgage note receivable. CCIDA also has an outstanding note payable to Chautauqua County related to bonds issued for the construction of the property. A \$1,055,000 promissory note was established from the purchaser of the building to CCIDA. The promissory note calls for monthly principal and interest payments in the amount of \$7,286 per month and the note matures in May 2033. In doing so, CCIDA modified the terms of their bond with Chautauqua County to a rate of 3.00% and a maturity date of December 2033. The balance outstanding on the note was \$781,309, as of December 31, 2022.

#### **NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE**

#### Chautauqua Revolving Loan Fund

<u>.                                      </u>	
Chautauqua County Commerce Park, LLC., 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$454 per month including interest through January 1, 2036.	\$ 55,484
Original Crunch Roll Factory, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$888 per month including interest through December 1, 2024.	20,331
Original Crunch Roll Factory, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$515 per month including interest through September 1, 2037.	72,905
Big Inlet Brewing, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$828 per month including interest through January 31, 2028.	51,121
AgriAmerica LLC,, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$16.882 annual payment including interest through February 1, 2023.	16,198
Mark Graham d.b.a Graham's Market, 4% interest bearing note receivable, interest only through February 28, 2021 then \$782 per month including interest through February 28, 2027.	41,133
Kimbert Manufacturing, inc, 4% interest bearing note receivable, interest only through November 30, 2020 then \$759 per month including interest through August 31, 2030.	59,924
Beichner Waster, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$683 per month including interest through April 1, 2027.	32,005
The Stannard Group Properties, 4% interest bearing note receivable, interest only through May 1, 2024 at \$250 per month, then \$454 per month including interest through May 1, 2044.	75,000
Subtotal Less: reserve Subtotal	424,101 (64,000) 360,101
Less: current portion	(62,661)
Long-term portion - Chautauqua Revolving Loan Fund	<u>\$ 297,440</u>

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUE	<u>ED)</u>	NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED	<u>)</u>
Al-Tech Trust Fund		Al-Tech Trust Fund (continued)	
Chautauqua Utilities, 4% note receivable, \$1,339 interest only through March 1, 2021, then \$5,030 per month including principal, through March 1, 2029.	\$ 333,236	Merritt Estate Winery, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,924 per month including interest through November 1, 2023.	\$ 19,392
International Ordnance Technologies, Inc. 4% interest bearing note receivable, Entered into a forbearance agreement through June 1, 2017,		Heavy Press, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$962 per month including interest through July 1, 2031.	83,715
then \$618 per month including interest through December 1, 2022.	85,318	The Tube Fabrication Co., 4% interest bearing note receivable combined with the East Main Complex, LLC note receivable, \$13,724 per	202 444
Jamestown Mattress 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$3,029 per month including interest through February 1, 2025.	75,511	month.  200 Harrison Street, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$2,424 per month including	609,411
Yaw Oil Company, Inc., 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$3,151 per month including		interest through June 1, 2037.	319,639
interest through November 1, 2024.  Chautauqua Hotel, 4% interest bearing note	69,662	Bailey Manufacturing, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$5,062 per month including interest through February 1, 2028.	279,177
receivable, \$4,438 per month including interest through June 1, 2024.	77,411	Pier LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,598 per month including interest through	450.070
Gren Ventures LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$4,068 per month including interest through December 1, 2028.	260,035	February 1, 2033.  Big Inlet Brewing, Inc, 4% interest bearing note	159,878
Scott's Peak 'n Peek, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$2,806 per month including		receivable, \$1,822 per month including interest through June 1, 2029.	124,185
interest through April 1, 2034.  The Stannard Group, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$4,556 per month including interest	305,022	Premier Precision Machining, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$3,037 per month including interest through October 1, 2028.	189,352
through August 1, 2024.  Erie Shore Holdings, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,030 per month including	87,926	AgriAmerica, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$26,509 annually including interest in 2019 and \$32,589 thereafter through	
interest through September 1, 2029.	72,459	February 1, 2038.	377,562
Chautauqua County Commerce Park, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$4,151 per month including interest through January 1, 2036.	506,760	HH Jamestown, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$5,454 per month including interest through April 1, 2043.	857,458
GEI Inc., 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,842 per month including interest through December 1, 2024.	42,410	Kimbert Manufacturing, Inc, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,300 per month including interest through January 1, 2039.	184,370
Chadwick Bay Marina, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$2,145 per month including interest through January 1, 2032.	195,376	Beichner Waste Services Inc, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,367 per month including interest through April 1, 2027.	64,010
Chautauqua Woods, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,230 per month including interest through February 1, 2025.	30,572	The Stannard Group, 4% interest bearing note receivable, interest only through May 1, 2024 then \$5,963 per month including interest	01,010
Original Crunch Roll Factory, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$4,784 per month including interest through December 1, 2024.	109,475	through May 1, 2044.  Falcon Conveyor, 4% interest bearing note	984,000
Shults Real Estate, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$3,030 per month including interest through December 1, 2037.	409,330	receivable, interest only through August 1, 2023 then \$932 per month including interest through May 1, 2044.	153,411

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)		NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUI	<u>ED)</u>
Al-Tech Trust Fund (continued)		EDA CARES Fund (continued)	
Cockaigne Development, LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$3,030 per month including interest through October 1, 2040.	462,283	Excelco/Newbrook, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through February 1, 2028.	\$ 94,295
Hy-Wit, 4% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,012 per month including interest through April 1, 2031.	85,979	Ark Wholesale, LLC., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$2,211 per month including interest through July 1, 2026.	91,194
MW Graphics, Inc., 4% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$607 per month including interest through January 1, 2033.	60,000	Shawbucks Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,593 per month including interest through January 1, 2028.	91,521
2 Portage LLC, 4% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$2,878	00,000	Ivory Acres Weddings, LLC, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$454 per month including interest through January 1, 2028.	26,003
per month including interest through March 1, 2043.  Excelco Newbrrok LLC, 4% interest bearing	475,000	Cockaigne Development, LLC, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$2,635 per month including interest through January 1, 2041.	461,936
note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$9,208 per month including interest through January 1, 2028.	500,000	Corvus Bus & Charter, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through January 1, 2028.	92,866
Emergency working capital loans, during 2020 25 \$10,000 working capital loans were provided to local business in the form of 4% interest bearing notes, at \$184 per month through 2026.	112,49 <u>1</u>	Advanced Production Group LLC, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$3,970 per month including interest through September 1, 2031.	323,834
Subtotal	8,761,816	N	,
Less: reserve	(1,832,000)	Merritt Estate Winery, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$531 per month	
Subtotal	6,929,816	including interest through January 1, 2028.	
Less: current portion	(797,965)	During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$41,000,	
Long-term portion - Al-Tech Trust Fund	\$ 6,131,851	\$531 per month including interest through July 1, 2029.	69,210
As of December 31, 2022, the Agency had a comissue notes to three companies totaling app \$907,112, respectively.		Falconer Hotel, LLC, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,353 per month including interest through August 1, 2031.	100,300
EDA CARES Fund		Pucci Carpet & Furniture, Inc., 2.44% interest	
Webb's Candies, Inc and Webb's Motel, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$648		bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through February 1, 2028.	94,295
per month including interest through January 1, 2028. During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$35,200, \$331 per month including interest through June 1, 2032.	70,783	Luscombe Aircraft Corporation., 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable, \$1,731 and \$1,038, respectively, per month including interest through February 1, 2028 and December 1, 2041, respectively.	306,987
The Original Crunch Roll., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$972 per month including interest through January 1, 2028.	55,720	Kimbert Mfg. Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,210 per month including interest through February 1, 2036.	163,321
The Bilicki Law Firm, P.C., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, interest only through July 1, 2021, then \$1,214 per month including interest through January 1, 2028. During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$80,000, \$1,037 per month including interest through July 1, 2029.	145,204	International Ordinance Inc., 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable, \$1,620 and \$3,241, respectively, per month including interest through February 1, 2028 and October 1, 2031, respectively. During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$127,598, \$1,199 per month including interest through April 1, 2032.	425,558

**NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** 

Rocky's Family Karate and Fitness Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$324 per month including interest through July 1, 2028.

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 202	_		Page 21
NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)		NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINU	<u>ED)</u>
EDA CARES Fund (continued)		EDA CARES Fund (continued)	
Brigiotta's Farmland Produce and Garden Center, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through February 1, 2028.	\$ 94,295	Scott's Peek'N Peak, LLC., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,675 per month including interest through July 1, 2028. During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$750,000, \$5,050 per	
The Gerry Homes Inc., 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable, \$1,620 and \$2,350 per month including interest through February 1, 2028 and February 1, 2031, respectively. During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$100,000, \$1,296 per month including interest through July 1, 2029.	397,416	month including interest through July 1, 2037.  The Service Manufacturing Group, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable , \$356 per month including interest through February 1, 2029. During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$30,000, \$282 per month including interest	\$ 847,782
Uhl Ventures, LLC, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$443 per month including interest		through July 1, 2032.	53,357
through March 1, 2026.  Webbs Harbor Restaurant and Bowling Lanes, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through	16,594	Reg Lenna Center for the Arts, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, interest only through August 1, 2022, \$1,777 per month including interest through December 1, 2028.	118,891
February 1, 2028.  Pace's Pizzeria, LLC., 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable , \$1,175, \$846, and \$162 per	94,295	Cleaners of Chautauqua, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable , \$1,296 per month including interest through May 1, 2028.	78,850
month including interest through March 1, 2031, July 1, 2031 and March 1, 2028, respectively.  Artone, LLC., 2.44% interest bearing notes	194,749	The Kosciuszko Polish Home Association, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$347 per month including interest through May 1, 2028.	21,103
receivable, \$3,473, and \$1,620 per month including interest through October 1, 2031 and February 1, 2028, respectively. During 2022, awarded an additional 2.44% interest bearing note receivable of \$125,000, \$1,620 per month including interest through July 1, 2029.	543,286	The Maple Springs Lake Side Inn, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable, \$648 and \$1,410 per month including interest through April 1, 2028 and April 1, 2028, respectively.	166,326
Lakeside Capital Corp., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$981 per month including interest through December 1, 2026.	44,828	Lynn Development, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through May 1, 2028.	98,563
Jamestown's Rental Properties LLC, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,296 per month including interest through September 1, 2028.	83,371	Southern Tier Environments for Living, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through May 1, 2028.	101,921
Lido's Crescent Inn Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$324 per month including interest through July 1, 2028.	20,279	Fredonia Ford Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$3,689 per month including interest through May 1, 2041.	656,158
Labyrinth Press, LLC., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$1,296 per month including interest through July	04.710	National Comedy Center, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,731 per month including interest through May 1, 2028.	105,564
1, 2029.  Ready About Sailing, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable, interest only through	94,513	Falconer Power Sports, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,620 per month including interest through May 1, 2028.	98,563
May 1, 2022 and June 1, 2022, then \$846 and \$1,735 per month including interest through December 1, 2036 and December 1, 2028, respectively.	236,305	Blackstone Advanced Tech, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$4,446 per month including interest through April 1, 2032.	444,926

20,279

76,528

598,539

116,393

81,115

92,861

60,836

430,834

33,348

94,513

94,513

250,000

9,174,721

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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#### **NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)**

#### **EDA CARES Fund (continued)**

Lancaster LLC., 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable, \$592 and \$306 per month including interest through November 1, 2031 and September 1,2028, respectively.

Bailey Manufacturing, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$6,078 per month including interest through February 1, 2032.

Chautaugua County Chamber of NYSARC, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$1,163 per month including interest through April 1, 2032.

James Turner Sales, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$1,296 per month including interest through February 1,2028.

Majestic Woods, LLC, 2.44% interest bearing notes receivable, \$389, \$483 and \$560 per month including interest through July 1,2028, September 1, 2028 and December 1, 2028, respectively.

Meeder's Restaurant, Inc., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$972 per month including interest through July 1, 2028.

Chautauqua Lake Self Storage, LLC., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$2,371 per month including interest through November 1, 2041

Birchman's Parisian, LLC., 2.44% interest bearing note receivable, \$519 per month including interest through September 1, 2028, respectively.

New Cinema Relations, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022). \$1,296 per month including interest through July 1, 2029.

Colecraft Commercial Furniture, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$1,296 per month including interest through July 1, 2029.

Bemus Point Inn, 2.44% interest bearing note receivable (loan awarded during 2022), \$1,296 per month including interest through July 1, 2029.

Subtotal

Less: reserve (1,376,000)Subtotal 7,798,721 Less: current portion (1,061,964)Long-term portion - EDA CARES 6,736,757

#### **NOTE 9 - NOTES RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)**

#### **EDA CARES Fund (continued)**

As of December 31, 2022, the Agency had no commitments to issue notes.

#### **CREDC Economic Development Program**

Cockaigne Development, LLC, \$400,000, if conditions of loan are met through April 30, 2024, \$200,000 of the loan will be forgiven.

288.358

Jamestown Advance Products Corp., loan of \$734,000, (loan awarded in 2022) if conditions of loan are met through September 1, 2025, \$367,000 of the loan will be forgiven.

705,302

Subtotal 993,660

Less: reserve (149,000)Subtotal 844,660 Less: current portion (160,080)684,580

Long-term portion - CREDC

The Agency makes reserves for uncollectible notes receivable based on an assessment of the recoverability of receivables. Reserves are applied to notes receivables where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amounts may not be recoverable. Management specifically analyzed customer creditworthiness, available collateral, current economic trends and changes in customer payment terms when making a judgement to evaluate the adequacy of the reserve for uncollectible notes receivables. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of receivables. It is at least reasonably possible that the estimated reserve for uncollectible notes receivable will change in the future.

### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT**

#### **Industrial Development Agency**

Bond payable to County of Chautauqua with an interest rate of 3%. Proceeds to be used to acquire Talcott Street property in Dunkirk, NY. Payable upon disposition of the acquired property.

2.000.000

Bond payable to County of Chautauqua. Proceeds used for construction of the Stoneman Industrial Park SPEC Building. Payable \$99,591 semi-annually beginning February 20, 2002, including interest at 3% -5% accruing as of August 20, 2001, compounded semi-annually. The bond matures in 2032.

755,387

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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#### **NOTE 10 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)**

#### **Industrial Development Agency (continued)**

Bond payable to County of Chautauqua with an annual interest rate of 5%. Proceeds used for the construction of a new aircraft storage hangar. Payable on upon disposition of the acquired property.

\$ 81,371

Bond payable to County of Chautauqua with interest at 2.274%. Proceeds used for construction of the Chadwick Bay Industrial Park SPEC Building. Monthly principal and interest payments totaling \$9,428 began July 25, 2013. The bond matures July 25, 2033.

1,055,922 3,892,680

Less: current portion Long-term debt – IDA

Subtotal

(2,237,096)

<u>\$ 1,655,584</u>

At December 31, 2022, debt service requirements are as follows:

	Principal Interest		Total	
CCIDA				
2023	\$ 2,237,096	\$	44,840	\$ 2,281,936
2024	159,792		40,774	200,566
2025	163,967		36,599	200,566
2026	168,253		32,313	200,566
2027	172,654		27,912	200,566
2028-2032	934,674		69,331	1,004,005
2033	 56,244		374	56,618
	\$ 3,892,680	\$	252,143	\$ 4,144,823

CCIDA incurred interest expense in the amounts of \$48,492 during 2022.

# NOTE 11 - RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND OPERATING LEASE

During 2016, the Agency moved its office location to 201 West Third Street in Jamestown, New York. A lease agreement was entered into which has an initial term of 10 years, with a 5 year renewal option, and commenced on August 1, 2016. Monthly rental payments of \$7,495 per month plus quarterly payments for common area maintenance fees and property taxes are due in the first year of this agreement, with subsequent lease periods increasing by 2%. The option to extend was included in the measurement as it is likely that the agreement is extended.

# NOTE 11 - RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS AND OPERATING LEASE (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2022, the weighted average remaining lease term is 6.6 years and weighted average discount rate is 2%

The maturities of lease liabilities as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

2023	\$ 102,131
2024	104,174
2025	106,257
2026	108,382
2027	110,550
2028 and thereafter	 433,138
Total undiscounted cash flows	964,632
Less: interest	 (82,457)
Present value of lease liability	\$ 882,175

#### **NOTE 12 - PASS-THROUGH TRANSACTIONS**

The Agency's responsibility regarding these transactions is to pass-through funds received to the primary recipients. Pass-through transactions are recorded as income or liabilities when received and expenses and reduction of liabilities when paid.

The Agency has received and disbursed the following funds resulting from this pass-through income during 2022:

Receipts

Disbursements

Pilot Program		
Pilot payments collected from		
businesses and remitted to		
local governments	\$ 2,358,780	\$ 2,358,780

#### **NOTE 13 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN**

The Agency has a 401 (a) retirement plan, which covers employees over the age of 21, except for leased employees and those employees whose employment is governed by a collective bargaining agreement that does not participate in plan. It allows for employer to make discretionary contributions each year at a percentage of each eligible employee's compensation. The Agency had expenses related to the Plan in the amount of \$34,616 for the year ended December 31, 2022. The balance in the 401 (a) as of December 31, 2022 was \$128,896 as presented in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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#### **NOTE 14 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN**

The Agency has a 457 deferred compensation plan, which covers employees over the age of 21, except for leased employees and those employees whose employment is governed by a collective bargaining agreement that does not participate in plan. Employees can elect to make discretionary contributions to the deferred compensation plan. The employees contributed \$66,870 to the deferred compensation plan for the year ended December 31, 2022. The balance of the deferred compensation plan as of December 31, 2022 was \$409,436 as presented in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position.

#### **NOTE 15 - INTERAGENCY TRANSACTIONS**

During the current year, the Agency's general fund charged costs to administer the loan funds which were recorded as expenditures in the applicable loan funds. These costs are included within general and administrative expenses in the combined statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in net position while the corresponding revenue was recognized by the IDA in other income. Costs were allocated as follows:

Revolving Loan Fund	\$ 9,897
CREDC	24,588
EDA CARES	202,028
Al-tech Loan Fund	172,379
	\$ 408,892

#### **NOTE 16 - RESTRICTED NET POSITION**

The amounts restricted as of December 31, 2022 include:

Chautauqua Revolving Loan Fund				
Revolving Loan funds	\$	596,674		
Al Tech Trust Fund				
Al Tech funds	\$	9,025,034		
EDA CARES Fund				
EDA CARES funds	\$	8,933,807		

#### **NOTE 17 – WIND FARMS**

During prior years, the Agency entered into PILOT agreements with companies related to the construction of windfarms. The agreements call for administrative fees to be paid to CCIDA in the amounts of \$1,500,000 (Cassadaga agreement), \$1,000,000 and (Ball Hill agreement) over a period of eight years.

Management believes future payments on the agreements are contingent upon the construction of the wind towers which has taken place for all agreements. Below is a schedule of the remaining payments under the agreements:

	 Cassadaga Windfarm	Ball Hill Windfarm
2023 2024	\$ 200,000 \$ 200,000	200,000
Total remaining payments	\$ 400,000 \$	200,000

#### **NOTE 18 - PROJECTS**

During 2017 and 2022, the Agency entered into agreements with Athenex, Inc, and Electrovaya Inc., respectively. Immunity Bio assumed the agreement of Athenex Inc.

#### **Immunity Bio**

The agreement calls for administrative fees to be paid to CCIDA in the amounts of \$1,750,000 over a period of nine years. During 2017, CCIDA received and recognized revenue the first payment (\$100,000) in the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Financial Position. Construction began on the project during 2018 which triggered revenue recognition for the project and resulted in the Agency recognizing a receivable and revenue related to the remaining payments. The Agency recognized revenue in the amount of \$1,650,000 during the year ended December 31, 2018.

#### Electrovaya

The project included the purchase of existing facilities and incurred during 2022 which triggered revenue recognition for the project and resulted in the Agency recognizing a receivable and revenue related to the remaining payments. The Agency recognized revenue in the amount of \$300,000 during the year ended December 31, 2022. Below is a schedule of the remaining payments under the agreement:

	Immunity Bio	Electrovaya
2023	\$ 175,000	\$ 10,000
2024	175,000	10,000
2025	175,000	10,000
2026	250,000	86,000
2027		87,000
2028		87,000
Total remaining payments	\$ 775,000	290,000

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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#### **NOTE 19 - RENTAL INCOME**

The CCIDA receives rental income from various entities related to the Talcott Street building and its office building. Rental income amounted to \$232,650 for the year ended December 31, 2022. The Talcott Street lease expired on January 31, 2023 at which time a new one-year rental agreement was entered into. The other rental agreements are short term annual agreements which expired on December 31, 2022.

# NOTE 20 - INVESTED CAPITAL NET OF RECEIVABLES AND DEBT

CCIDA and certain component units have net assets classified as invested capital, net of receivables and debt. Below is a calculation of the amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position:

	 IDA	CREDC
Property, equipment and right-of-use assets Land held for resale Mortgage receivable Long-term debt and	\$ 2,595,283 \$ 991,328 1,806,130	30,488 
leases	 (4,774,855)	
Ending balance	\$ 617,886 \$	30,488

#### **NOTE 21 – PARTNERSHIP FOR ECONOMIC GROWTH**

In 2018 Chautauqua County entered into a two-phased economic development plan. The mission of the plan was to work with private and public sectors in a collaborative effort to develop a strategy for future economic prosperity. Phase one was directed towards developing the plan at the County level. Phase two, which occurred in 2019, involved creating the organization, Chautauqua County Partnership for Economic Growth (PEG), under the umbrella of CREDC. PEG through its partnership board and advisory group has approved multiple projects aimed at economic development in the Chautauqua region. During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, CREDC recognized \$704,544 and \$293,199, respectively, of grant revenue for the various projects.

#### **NOTE 22 - EDA CARES REVOLVING LOAN FUND**

On September 9, 2020 the *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* was selected as the recipient of a \$10.5 million grant through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, which enabled the agency to establish a new Revolving Loan Fund(RLF). The RLF will provide capital in the form of low-interest loans to both businesses and non-profit organizations to respond to economic injury resulting from the COVID-19 pandemic. As of December 31, 2022 \$9,174,721 was loaned out to 53 different local businesses to assist with any hardships experienced due to the pandemic. Due to the economic hardships and uncertainty surrounding these loans, the Agency reserved against 15% of all loans outstanding as of December 31, 2022.

#### **NOTE 23 – AL-TECH LOAN FUND**

During the year ended December 31, 2021, the Agency's Al-Tech loan fund met the requirements for defederalization. The Agency applied for and received approval of defederalization from the Economic Development Agency, effectively releasing that revolving loan fund from the requirements of the federal government's Uniform Guidance.

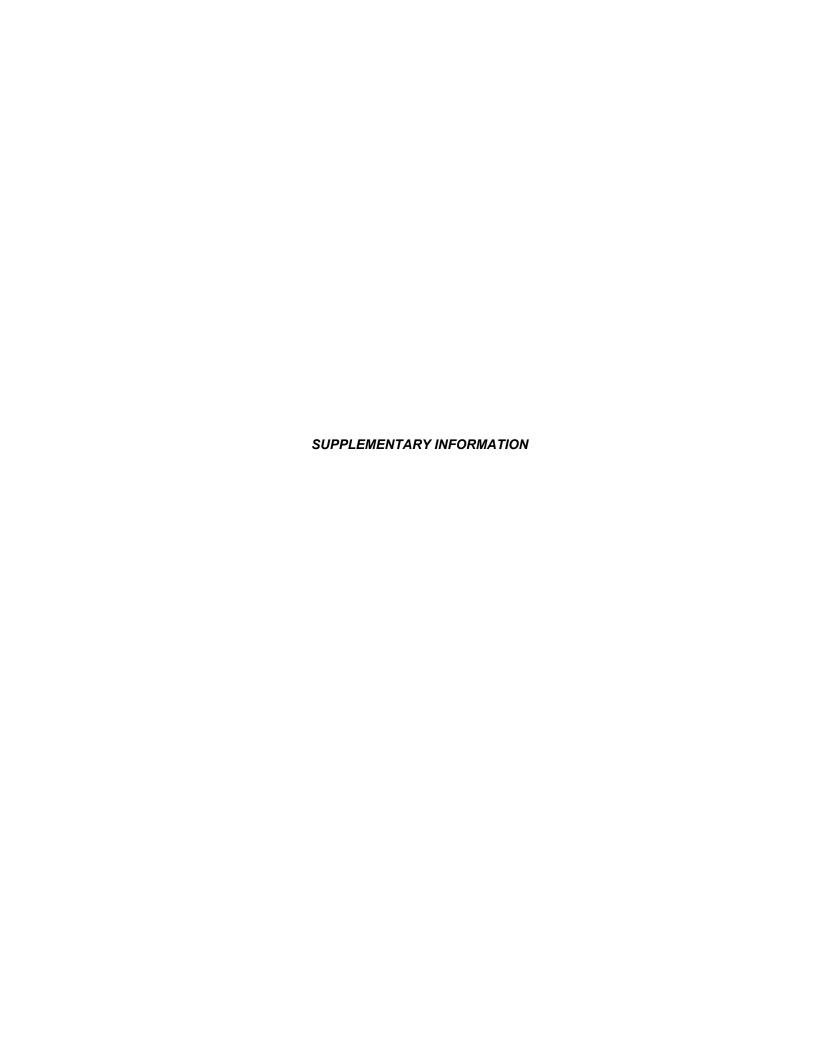
#### **NOTE 24 - PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT**

As discussed in Note 1 the adoption of GASB 87, *Leases*, resulted in the following impact at January 1, 2022:

Operating ROU assets Operating lease liabilities	\$ 861,925 963,769			
Prior period adjustment	\$ (101,844)			

#### **NOTE 25 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 28, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.



# SCHEDULE OF OTHER INCOME AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES – ALL FUNDS

Schedule 1 Page 26

Year ended	l December	31,	2022
------------	------------	-----	------

	CCIDA								(N	lemo Only)												
	Industrial Chautauqua  Development Revolving Al-Tech  Agency Loan Fund Trust Fund		Revolving		Revolving		Revolving		Revolving		Revolving						Es CREDC				Total Reporting Entity	
Other Income																						
Interagency charges	\$	408,892	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	408,892										
Other		57,134						203		38,985		96,322										
Total other income	\$	466,026	\$		\$		\$	203	\$	38,985	\$	505,214										
General and Administrative Expenses																						
Payroll and benefits	\$	769,017	\$		\$		\$		\$	176,665	\$	945,682										
Publicity and promotion		102,142						3,457		27,352		132,951										
Rent		170,470								6,000		176,470										
Insurance		31,940										31,940										
Office and postage		47,728								5,383		53,111										
Meeting expense		625										625										
Professional fees		301,598				20,500		18,582		173,478		514,158										
Interagency charges				9,897		172,379		202,028		24,588		408,892										
Repairs and maintenance		497										497										
Utilities		217,627								65		217,692										
Dues and subscriptions		23,269								4,308		27,577										
Miscellaneous		40,308				49				29,308		69,665										
Travel and entertainment		24,003								6,753		30,756										
Other		23,271										23,271										
Total general and administrative	\$	1,752,495	\$	9,897	\$	192,928	\$	224,067	\$	453,900	\$	2,633,287										

As of December 31, 2022

	Loan ID	Original Amount	Outstanding Principal	Date of Issuance	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate
Tax-exempt bonds						
County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency:						
Lutheran Social Services	0601-05-05B	5,500,000	1,344,082	2005	2026	Variable
JCC Foundation Inc.	0601-07-02A	3,345,000	1,160,000	2007	2027	Variable
Covenant Manor Apartments	0601-14-01	4,440,000	3,850,000	2014	2054	Variable
Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation:						
Jamestown Center City Development Co.	0601-13-01A	20,235,000	19,955,000	2021	2031	Variable
National Comedy Center	0601-13-01A	5,000,000	4,925,000	2021	2031	Variable
Lutheran Housing Administration Services Group Inc.	0601-17-02	6,300,000	5,370,000	2017	2037	Variable
NRG Power Corporation	0601-09-01	58,500,000	58,500,000	2020	2042	Variable

As of December 31, 2022

As of December 31, 2022	CREDC					
		OIN	Partnership			Memo Only)
	C			r Economic		
		Fund		owth (PEG)	Reporting Entity	
Assets				<u> </u>		Jordan g India
Current						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,443	\$	1,244,947	\$	1,255,390
Other receivables	Ψ	10,443	Ψ	29,800	Ψ	29,800
Other current assets		2,093		20,000		2,093
Current portion, notes receivable		160,080				160,080
Total current assets		172,616		1,274,747		1,447,363
Total culterit assets		172,010		1,214,141		1,447,303
Other assets						
Notes receivable, net of current portion		833,580				833,580
Allowance for uncollectible notes receivable		(149,000)				(149,000)
Real property held for resale		30,488				30,488
Total other assets		715,068				715,068
	\$	887,684	\$	1,274,747	\$	2,162,431
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$		\$	73	\$	73
Accrued expenses				207		207
Unearned revenue		567,000		1,106,672		1,673,672
Total current liabilities		567,000		1,106,952		1,673,952
Total liabilities		567,000		1,106,952		1,673,952
Net position						
Invested in capital assets, net of						
related debt		30,488				30,488
Unrestricted		290,196		167,795		457,991
Total net position		320,684		167,795		488,479
·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, -		· · · · · ·
	\$	887,684	\$	1,274,747	\$	2,162,431

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION – CREDC

Schedule 4
Page 29

Year ended December 31, 2022

	CREDC						
	Partnership		(Memo Only)				
	C	perating	for E	Economic	Total		
		Fund	Grov	wth (PEG)	Rep	orting Entity	
Paramos							
Revenue	•	0.500	•		•	0.500	
Interest income	\$	6,598	\$		\$	6,598	
Grant income		367,000		704,544		1,071,544	
Other income		31,350		7,635		38,985	
Total revenue		404,948		712,179		1,117,127	
Expenditures							
General and administrative		47,307		406,593		453,900	
Grant expense				274,521		274,521	
Bad debt expense (recovery)		100,000				100,000	
Total expenses		147,307		681,114		828,421	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		257,641		31,065		288,706	
Net position, beginning		173,743		26,030		199,773	
Equity transfer*		(110,700)		110,700			
Net position, ending	\$	320,684	\$	167,795	\$	488,479	

<sup>\*</sup>Equity transfer- During the year ended December 31, 2022, revenues previously recorded as Operating Fund revenue were moved to the PEG fund.

Year ended	December	31,	2022
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		CRE	EDC			
		Partnership		(Memo Only)		
		Operating	for Economic	Total		
		Fund	Growth (PEG)	Reporting Entity		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Grant income	\$	980,170	\$ 1,456,416	\$ 2,436,586		
Cash paid to contractors	*	(275,192)	(238,173)			
Interagency charges		(24,588)	`	(24,588)		
Cash paid to employees		`	(176,665)	(176,665)		
Cash payments to grantees			(274,521)	(274,521)		
Other receipts		31,350	7,635	38,985		
Interest received		6,598		6,598		
Net cash provided by operating activities		718,338	774,692	1,493,030		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Issuances of mortgages and notes receivable		(734,000)		(734,000)		
Collections on notes receivable		68,565		68,565		
Net cash used in investing activities		(665,435)		(665,435)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Equity transfer		(110,700)	110,700			
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(110,700)	110,700			
Net change in cash		(57,797)	885,392	827,595		
Cash, beginning of year		68,240	359,555	427,795		
Cash, end of year	\$	10,443	\$ 1,244,947	\$ 1,255,390		
Reconciliation of change in net position to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Change in net position	\$	257,641	\$ 31,065	\$ 288,706		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net						
cash provided by operating activities:		400.000		400.000		
Bad debt expense (recovery)		100,000		100,000		
Change in operating assets and liabilities:		040 470	(4.000)	044.070		
Accounts receivable Security deposits and other assets		246,170	(4,800) 2,888	241,370 2,888		
• •			(11,340)			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities		(252,473)	(11,340)	(203,613)		
Unearned revenue		367,000	756,672	1,123,672		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	718,338	\$ 774,692	\$ 1,493,030		

# COUNTY OF CHAUTAUQUA INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Schedule 6 Page 31

Year ended December 31, 2022				
		Federal		
		CFDA	Project	
Grantor/Pass-through agency	Project Title	Number	Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Commerce:				
Ecnomic Development Administration	COVID-19 Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	01-79-15014	\$ 10,758,875
		Total U.S	6. Department of Commerce	10,758,875
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Deve	elopment passed through NYS Office of Community	Renewal:		
NYS Homes and Community Renewal	Community Development Block Grant	14.218	366ED989-21	750,000
		To	tal U.S. Department of HUD	750,000
U.S. Department of Treasury passed through				
American Rescue Plan	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local			
	Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	NA	586,834
		T-4-11	I O D	500.004
		i otai C	J.S. Department of Treasury	586,834
Total Federal Awards				\$ 12,095,709
I Oldi I Gacidi Awaida				Ψ 12,000,700

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Adminstrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

#### Note 2 - Indirect Costs

The Agency has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance in the current year.

#### Note 3 - EDA RLF Expenditure Calculation

The federal expenditures for the Economic Development Administration (the "EDA") Economic Adjustment Assistance Revolving Loan Fund (the "RLF") for the year ended December 31, 2022 are calculated as follows:

Outstanding loans receivable as of December 31, 2022	\$ 9,174,721
Cash as of December 31, 2022	1,135,086
Administrative expenses for the year ended December 31, 2022	224,067
Loan losses for the year ended December 31, 2022	225,001
Total EDA RLF expenditures	\$ 10,758,875



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH "GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS"

To the Board of Directors

County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency

Jamestown, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and its component units, the Chautauqua Region Industrial Development Corporation and the Chautauqua County Capital Resource Corporation, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency and its component units' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 28, 2023.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's** internal control.

A deficiency in internal control over financial reporting exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention to those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal controls over that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist and have not been identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's* financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafaro PC

**BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO, P.C.** 

Jamestown, New York March 28, 2023



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors

County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency

Jamestown, New York

#### **Opinion on Each Major Program**

We have audited **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's** compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Institution's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2022. **County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's** major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's* compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for Compliance**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's* federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency*'s compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about *County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency* with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance (continued)**

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
  procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding County of
  Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
  performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's internal control over compliance
  relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of County of Chautauqua Industrial Development Agency's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that may be material weakness or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buffamente Whipple Buttafano PC
BUFFAMANTE WHIPPLE BUTTAFARO. P.C.

Jamestown, New York March 28, 2023

ch 28, 2023

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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#### Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

#### Financial Statements

Type of auditor's opinion(s) issued or whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:		Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	х	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	Х	none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	Х	no
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		yes	x	no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		yes	Х	none reported
Type of auditor's opinion issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 2 CFR-200.516(a)		yes	х	no
	Federal CFDA			
Federal Program Title	Number	Amount		
Total expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 12,095,709		
dentification of Major Programs Tested:				
COVID-19 Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	\$ 10,758,875		
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	750,000		
COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	586,834		
Total major programs tested		\$ 12,095,709		
% of Federal programs tested		100.00%		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000		
Auditee qualified as low risk?		yes	х	no

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Page 37

### II. <u>FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT – FINDINGS</u>

#### A. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING</u>

#### Year ended December 31, 2022

There are no internal control over financial reporting findings reported upon during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

#### B. COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

#### Year ended December 31, 2022

There are no compliance and other matters findings reported upon during the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### III. MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### A. <u>COMPLIANCE</u>

#### Year ended December 31, 2022

There are no instances of noncompliance reported upon during the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### B. <u>INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER COMPLIANCE</u>

#### Year ended December 31, 2022

There are no findings related to internal control over compliance are reported upon during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022.

## SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Page 38

### I. <u>FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT – FINDINGS</u>

#### A. <u>INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING</u>

#### Year ended December 31, 2021

There were no internal control over financial reporting findings reported upon during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

#### B. COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS

#### Year ended December 31, 2021

There were no compliance and other matters findings reported upon during the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### II. MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT - FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### A. <u>COMPLIANCE</u>

#### Year ended December 31, 2021

There were no instances of noncompliance reported upon during the year ended December 31, 2021.

#### B. <u>INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER COMPLIANCE</u>

#### Year ended December 31, 2021

There were no findings related to internal control over compliance reported upon during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.